



INTRODUCTION

Spanish-speaking people represent diverse cultures and communities, from many parts of the globe. Columbus, Ohio has a growing and complex Latino or Hispanic community with risk factors for HIV/AIDS. Thanks to Renee Whitmeyer, a Health Promotion intern from Bowling Green State University, who developed this bibliography with assistance from Sharon Deevey, the Resource Librarian. A grant from the National Library of Medicine provides funding for the Resource Library bibliographies. Items marked with an “**RL**” can be found in the Resource Library at the Columbus AIDS Task Force. A Spanish language version of the bibliography will be available at a future date.



WEBSITES

<http://www.pewhispanic.org/index.jsp>

The Pew Hispanic Center, a research center chronicling the socio-economic and political impact of Hispanic cultures on the United States. Retrieved March 8, 2004.

<http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/HIV/HIVSpanish.html>

The HIV/AIDS Español/Spanish Web Links page is a cumulative list of all HIV/AIDS Spanish resources found on the National Library of Medicine's Specialized Information Services HIV/AIDS website. Retrieved October 30, 2003.

<http://www.cossmho.org>

This organization connects communities and creates change to improve the health and well-being of Hispanics in the United States. Retrieved November 10, 2003.

<http://www.kff.org/content/2001/6008/>

Provides and overview of the impact of HIV/AIDS on Latinos in the United States. IT presents current snapshots and trends, drawing from recent data and research on the epidemiology of HIV/AIDS among Latinos, including data on AIDS cases and deaths health services use and coverage and attitudes. Retrieved November 10, 2003.

<http://www.lambda.org>

LAMBDA is a non-profit, gay/lesbian/bisexual/transgender agency dedicated to reducing homophobia, inequality, hate crimes, and discrimination by encouraging self-acceptance, cooperation, and non-violence. Website can also be read in Spanish. Retrieved November 3, 2003.

<http://www.latino.prev.info/intro-sp.html>

The trilingual site (Spanish, English and Portuguese) is a portal or gateway to web sites with information about alcohol, tobacco and other drugs, prevention, health issues, and promotion of cultural pride. The site supports asset building and self-help by offering a variety of research tools and other information sources. Retrieved November 10, 2003.

www.llego.org

LLEGÓ, the National Latina/o Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual & Transgender Organization, is the only national nonprofit organization devoted to representing Latina/o lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) communities and addressing their growing needs regarding an array of social issues ranging from civil rights and social justice to health and human services. Retrieved March 17, 2004

<http://www.nmac.org/>

Website of the National Minority AIDS Council, dedicated to developing leadership within communities of color to address the challenges of HIV/AIDS. Retrieved November 4, 2003.

http://www.omhrc.gov/omh/aids/aidshome_new.htm

Minority AIDS Initiative Website from the Office of Minority Health. This website contains various links pertaining to living with HIV/AIDS, prevention, and publications. Retrieved October 30, 2003.

http://www.tpan.com/publications/positively_aware_en_espanol/pa_espanol.html

Online Spanish versions of *Positively Aware*, *The Journal of the Test Positive Aware Network*. Retrieved March 16, 2004



BOOKS

Centers of Disease Control. (2000). *Protecting the Health of Latino Communities: Combating HIV/AIDS*. Atlanta, GA: Center of Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention.

This English-language booklet provides information on the history of HIV/AIDS in the United States Latino population, its impact on Latino communities from countries, and a discussion of what needs to be done to decrease transmission of HIV.

Diaz, R.M. and Ayala, G. (2001). *Social Discrimination and Health: The Case of Latino Gay Men and HIV Risk*. New York, NY: Policy Institute of the National Gay and Lesbian Task Force.

This groundbreaking study issued by the Racial and Economic Justice Initiative of the National Gay and Lesbian Task Force, documents the correlation between three forms of social oppression - homophobia, racism and poverty - with the risk-taking behavior associated with HIV transmission.

Winick, J. (2000). *Pedro and Me*. New York, NY: Henry Holt and Company.

A tribute from one friend to another, the story of Pedro Zamora's battle with AIDS. As told by his friend from MTV's *The Real World*. A cartoon story of friendship, illness, and loss. **RL**



JOURNAL ARTICLES

Jemmott, L.S., Jemmott, J.B. 3rd, and Villarruel, A.M. (2002). Predicting Intentions and Condom Use Among Latino College Students. *Journal of Associated Nurses AIDS Care*. 13(2): 59-69. **RL**

This study examined whether favorable beliefs about condoms and select moderator variables are related to stronger intentions to use condoms and more reported condom use at most recent vaginal and anal intercourse among Latino college students.

O'Donnell, L., Agronick, G., San Doval, A., Duran, R., Myint, U. A., and Stueve, A. (2002). Ethnic and Gay Community Attachments and Sexual Risk Behaviors Among Urban Latino Young Men Who Have Sex With Men. *AIDS Education & Prevention*. 14(6): 457-471. **RL**

Examination of factors that influence ethnic and gay community attachments; the association between community attachments and social support in sexual matters; and the relationship between levels of attachment, social support in sexual matters, and sexual risk behaviors.

Moore, R.D., Stanton, D., Gopalan, R., and Chaisson, R.E. (1994). Racial Differences in the Use of Drug Therapy for HIV Disease in an Urban Community. *New England Journal of Medicine*. 330(11): 763-768.

Guidelines for drug therapy in human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease are based primarily on the stage of the disease. To determine whether sociodemographic characteristics of patients influence drug therapy in practice, we analyzed the use of antiretroviral therapy and prophylactic therapy for *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia (PCP) in an urban population infected with HIV.

Raj, A., Amaro, H., Cranstaon, K., Martin, B., Cabral, H., Navarro, A., and Conron, K. (2001). Is a General Women's Health Promotion Program as Effective as an HIV-Intensive Prevention Program in Reducing HIV Risk Among Hispanic Women? *Public Health Reports*. 116(6): 599-607.

This study aimed to assess whether participants in an HIV-intensive prevention program and participants in a general women's health promotion program reported greater HIV risk-reduction than participants in a wait-list control group immediately following program participation and at three-month follow-up.

Ramirez-Valles, J., and Brown, A.U. (2003). Latinos' Community Involvement in HIV/AIDS: Organizational and Individual Perspectives on Volunteering. *AIDS Education & Prevention*. 15(1 Suppl A): 90-104.

Examination of the types of activities, motives, consequences, and deterrents to community involvement among Latino gay men using both community organizations' and Latino gay men's perspectives.

Stueve, A. (2001). Time-Spacing in Minority Communities: Results with Young Latino Men Who Have Sex with Men. *American Journal of Public Health*. 91(6): 922-926.

This study addressed methodological issues influencing the feasibility of time-space sampling in HIV prevention studies targeting hard-to-reach populations of minority young men who have sex with men (MSM).

Toro-Alfonso, J., Varas-Diaz, N., and Andujar-Bello, I. (2002). Evaluation of an HIV/AIDS Prevention Intervention Targeting Latino Gay Men and Men Who Have Sex With Men in Puerto Rico. *AIDS Education & Prevention*. 14(6): 445-456. **RL**

This article presents the evaluation of an HIV prevention model and intervention targeting Latino gay males and men who have sex with men in Puerto Rico.



PAMPHLETS & BROCHURES

Abstinence: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 1996. **RL**

Condoms: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 1999. **RL**

Drugs & HIV: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 1999. **RL**

Guys & HIV: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 2003. **RL**

HIV and Sex: Unsafe, Safer, Safest. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: Journeyworks Publishing, 1998. **RL**

HIV: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 2000. **RL**

Sexual Pressure: A Survival Guide For Guys. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: Journeyworks Publishing, 1995. **RL**

STD Facts. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 2000. **RL**

Women & HIV: Think About It. [Pamphlet]. Santa Cruz, CA: ETR Associates, 1999. **RL**



VIDEOS

AIDS: Changing Faces. 52 minutes. 2001.

Addresses the demographic shift that shows the bulk of new infections occurring among women with low income and the black and Hispanic communities, while discussing medical advances.

Encuentro Sin Riesgo (Safe Encounters). 15 minutes. 1993.

Through a sexually-explicit dramatization, this video provides instruction for gay and bisexual Latino men in safer sex practices. The story begins with a pickup in a Latino gay bar and a subsequent sexual encounter. Explanations on condom and dental dam usage and safer sex guidelines are discussed orally and written in both Spanish and English. **RL**

HIV/AIDS and the Latino Community. 2001.

This video is intended to provide factual information about the HIV/AIDS epidemic in Latino communities in the United States. **RL**

Jugandose la Vida (Playing with your Life). 15 minutes. 1990.

After learning his partner is pregnant, a drug user must come to terms with his drug habit and decide whether or not he is ready to make changes in his life. **RL**

SIDA: Todo Lo Que Debes Saber. 28 minutes.

Whoopi Goldberg joins Dr. Alexander Levine to present the facts about how one can and cannot contract HIV. They also explain how AIDS destroys the body's immune system. Edition in Spanish. **RL**

Teniendo un Bebe. 22 minutes. 1995.

Promotes the benefits of HIV testing early in pregnancy through the story of a young woman who learns she is pregnant and struggles with her decision to be tested for HIV. **RL**

Viva La Vida. 47 minutes. No date given.

Video in Spanish talks about life with HIV/AIDS and what you need to do for yourself. Includes men who have sex with men talking about the importance of being tested. **RL**



COMMUNITY RESOURCES

Columbus AIDS Task Force
1751 E. Long Street
Columbus, OH 43203
614-299-2437
Sylvia Cuevas, Hispanic HIV Prevention Specialist
Dave Rodriguez, Hispanic Case Manager

Mi Directorio Hispano **RL**
A directory of Hispanic businesses & services
Columbus, OH
614-684-2095

National Alliance for Hispanic Health Hotline
1-866-SU-FAMILIA

National AIDS Hotline
1-800-342-2437 (English/Ingles)
1-800-344-7437 (Spanish/Espanol)

Nuestro Ohio (Our Ohio)
Bilingual Latino Newspaper
www.nuestroohio.com
P. O. Box 3811
Columbus, Ohio 43210
614-261-9500

Ohio AIDS/HIV/STD Hotline
1-800-332-2437